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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/917,433	07/27/2	2001	Laurence Lee	P430.12-0002	2032	
164	7590	04 28 2003				
	LANGE, P.A	EXAM	EXAMINER			
312 SOUTH	EY & LANGE I THIRD STRE	ET	TSOY, ELENA			
MINNEAPC	DLIS, MN 554	15-1002		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
				1762		
				DATE MAILED: 04/28/2003	DATE MAILED: 04/28/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	\mathcal{L}
		09/917 433	LEE ET AL	V
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	· · ·
		Elena Tsoy	1762	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	appears on the cover sheet wi		dress
- Exten after: - If the - If NO - Failur - Any re	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REMAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIOnsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply vill, by seply received by the Office later than three months after the individual term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DN. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a ren a reply within the statutory minimum, of may eriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON tatute cause the inclination to become AB.	rply be timely filed Society on the mailing date of this co	emmunication
Status	***			
1)[Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u>18 November 2002</u> .		
2a) 🗌	This action is FINAL . 2b) \boxtimes	This action is non-final.		
3) Disposition	Since this application is in condition for al closed in accordance with the practice un on of Claims	lowance except for formal matt der <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D	ers, prosecution as to the 0. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	e merits is
4)[•	Claim(s) 13-19 and 26-30 is/are pending in	n the application.		
2	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with	drawn from consideration.		
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)[-	Claim(s) <u>13-19 and 26-30</u> is/are rejected.			
7) 🗌 (Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Application	Claim(s) are subject to restriction aron Papers	nd/or election requirement.		
	he specification is objected to by the Exam	niner		
	he drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a		o Evaminar	
,	Applicant may not request that any objection to			
11)∏ T	he proposed drawing correction filed on			r
,—	If approved, corrected drawings are required in		approved by the Examine	I.,
12) 🗌 T	he oath or declaration is objected to by the			
	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore	eian priority under 35 H.S.C. &	119(a) (d) or (f)	
	All b) Some * c) None of:	origin priority and or oo o.o.o. 3	113(a) (d) of (f).	
	Certified copies of the priority docum	ents have been received		
2	2. Certified copies of the priority docum		olication No	
	B. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International see the attached detailed Office action for a	priority documents have been re Bureau (PCT Rule 17 2(a))	eceived in this National S	Stage
	knowledgment is made of a claim for dome			applications
a)		provisional application has bee	n received.	аррпсаноп).
Attachment(s		some priority under 55 0.0.0. g	3 120 and/01 121.	
1) Notice	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s	5) Notice of Inf	mmary (PTO-413) Paper Nots ormal Patent Application : PTO 	
Patent and Trad FO-326 (Rev	0.4.04	Action Summary	Part of Pa	aper No 13

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Response to Amendment

1. Applicant's request for reconsideration of the finality of the rejection of the last Office action is persuasive and, therefore, the finality of that action is withdrawn.

Claims 13-19, 26-30 are pending in the application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 13-16, 18, 26-30 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Glatt et al (US 4,858,552) in view of Reynolds (US 3,354,863) and further in view of Luy et al (US 5,631,102) for the reasons of record as set forth in the Office Action mailed on June 16, 2002 (Paper No. 8).
- 4. Claim 17 stands rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Glatt et al (US 4,858,552) in view of Reynolds (US 3,354,863), further in view of Luy et al (US 5,631,102) and further in view of Biehl et al (US 4,217,851) for the reasons of record as set forth in the Office Action mailed on June 16, 2002 (Paper No. 8).
- 5. Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Glatt et al (US 4,858,552) in view of Reynolds (US 3,354,863). further in view of Luy et al (US 5,631,102), and further in view of Cody et al (US 4,993,264).

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Glatt et al in view of Reynolds in view of Luy et al fail to teach that an inlet air temperature, a product temperature, a spray liquid temperature, a spray nozzle temperature, an atomizing air temperature, a spray liquid line temperature, a coating zone temperature, a fluidizing gas flow, and atomizing gas pressure are monitored.

Cody et al teach that pressure, temperature and net volume or mass flow are the normal way of monitoring the state of fluidization within a fluidized bed or while a unit is operating (See column 2, lines 27-30).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have monitored an inlet air temperature, a product temperature, a spray liquid temperature, a spray nozzle temperature, an atomizing air temperature, a spray liquid line temperature, a coating zone temperature, a fluidizing gas flow, and atomizing gas pressure in a process of Glatt et al in view of Reynolds in view of Luy et al for coating particles with the expectation of providing the desired normal coating operation since Cody et al teach that pressure, temperature and net volume or mass flow are the normal way of monitoring the state of fluidization within a fluidized bed or while a unit is operating.

Response to Arguments

- 6. Applicants' arguments filed November 18, 2002 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- (A) Applicants argue that positioning a spray nozzle of Glatt et al above screen would not have been obvious in view of Reynolds.

The Examiner respectfully disagrees with this argument. Reynolds teaches that a process with a spray nozzle positioned *above* a grid 14 (See Fig. 1) produces about 62 wt % plus 8 mesh

size and about 37 wt % plus 4 mesh size and (See column 4, lines 54-62), whereas a process with a spray nozzle positioned *flush* with the grid 14 (See column 5, lines 24-33) produces about 27 wt % plus 8 mesh size and about 33 wt % plus 12 mesh size (See column 5, lines 55-59). In other words, size distribution of coated particles depend position of the spray nozzle all other things being equal.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have positioned a spray nozzle in a process of Glatt et al above a perforated base with the expectation of producing coated particles of bigger size depending on intended use of a final product since Reynolds teaches that a process with a spray nozzle positioned *above* a grid produces coated particles of larger size than a process with a spray nozzle positioned *flush* with the grid all other things being equal.

(B) Applicants disagrees with the Examiner' statement that it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill to modify Glatt et al and Reynolds using teaching of Luy et al so that liquid line is heated.

The Examiner respectfully disagrees with this argument. Glatt et al teach that the spraying means 6 can be **heated** to *prevent* the <u>spray media</u> from *solidifying* (See Figs. 1, 2; column 6, lines 33-35). Luy et al teach that a liquid line can be **heated** (See column 11, lines 28-29) *obviously* to prevent the spray media from solidifying.

In other words, heating a liquid line of Luy et al and heating spraying means are known equivalent techniques for preventing the spray media from solidifying

It is held that the substitution of one known equivalent technique for another may be obvious even if the prior art does not expressly suggest the substitution. Ex parte Novak 16

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USPQ 2d 2041 (BPAI 1989); In re Mostovych 144 USPQ 38 (CCPA 1964); In re Leshin 125 USPQ 416 (CCPA 1960); Graver Tank & Manufacturing Co. v. Linde Air Products Co. 85 USPQ 328 (USSC 1950).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have substituted one known equivalent technique of Glatt et al for another of Luy et al with the expectation of providing the desired prevention of *solidifying* spray media.

Conclusion

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Elena Tsoy whose telephone number is (703) 605-1171. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Shrive Beck can be reached on (703) 308-2333. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9310 for regular communications and (703) 872-9311 for After Final communications

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

ET.

Elena Tsoy Examiner Art Unit 1762

April 23, 2003

EMRIVE P BECK SUBERILIS ORS PATENT EXAMINER CONTROL 1700